

## Pupil Premium Strategy Statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2023 to 2024 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

#### **School Overview**

Detail	Data
School name	Mears Ashby
Number of pupils in school	84
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	16%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers	2021/2022 to 2024/2025
Date this statement was published	November 2023
Date on which it will be reviewed	July 2024
Statement authorised by	Trust AIO
Pupil premium lead	Liz Crofts
Trustee lead	Margaret Holman

#### **Funding Overview**

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£ 12780
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£ 2000
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0.00 if not applicable)	£ 0.00
Total budget for this academic year	£ 14780



## Part A: Pupil Premium Strategy Plan

## **Statement of Intent**

The vision of our school is: Jesus said "I have come that they may have life, and have it in all its fullness." (John 10:10)

Improving the achievement of disadvantaged pupils is integral to all key priorities in our improvement plan relating to the quality of education. Our intention is that all pupils, irrespective of their background or the challenges they face, make good progress across all subject areas. Our goal is to ensure that no child is left behind socially, or academically because of disadvantage.

We fully embrace research evidence regarding effective spending of pupil premium funding to focus on the challenges identified for our disadvantaged pupils including those pupils who are vulnerable and need extra support e.g. pupils who are or have been in contact with a social worker.

Our three- tiered approach has high quality teaching at the core of our pupil premium strategy proven to have the greatest impact on closing the disadvantage gap and at the same time will benefit the non-disadvantaged pupils in our school.

In addition to discussions, observations and responsive teaching, we use a range of assessments including standardised scores and gap analyses to identify specific areas to be addressed to enable our disadvantage pupils to achieve.

All colleagues take responsibility for our whole school approach for disadvantaged pupils' outcomes and raise expectations of what they can achieve.

### Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge Number	Detail of Challenge	Links to Tiers
1	Assessments, observations, and discussions with pupils suggest disadvantaged pupils generally have greater difficulties with phonics than their peers. This negatively impacts their development as readers	1, 2
2	Assessments, observations, and discussions with pupils suggest disadvantaged pupils generally have greater difficulties in developing and applying their key reading strategies to reading comprehension in KS2 than their peers in readiness for secondary school.	1, 2
3	Our assessments and observations indicate that the education and well- being of many of our disadvantaged pupils have been impacted by par- tial school closures to a greater extent than for other pupils. These find- ings are supported by national studies.	1, 2



	This has resulted in significant knowledge gaps leading to pupils falling further behind age-related expectations, especially in writing and maths.	
4	Our assessments (including wellbeing survey), observations and discus- sions with pupils and families have identified social and emotional is- sues for many pupils and a lack of enrichment opportunities during school closure. These challenges particularly affect disadvantaged pu- pils, including their attainment.	1, 2, 3
	Teacher referrals for wellbeing support have markedly increased during the pandemic. Nine pupils (seven of whom are disadvantaged) currently require additional support with social and emotional needs, with all nine receiving small group or one to one interventions from internal and external resources.	
5	Our attendance data over the last year indicates that attendance among disadvantaged pupils has been 1.2% lower than for non-disadvantaged pupils.	1, 2, 3
	10% of disadvantaged pupils have been 'persistently absent' compared to 27% of their peers during that period. Our assessments and observa- tions indicate that absenteeism is negatively impacting disadvantaged pupils' progress.	



## **Intended Outcomes**

This explains the outcomes you are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how you will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended Outcome	Challenge Number	Success Criteria
Improve overall Quality First Teaching for	1,2,3	All delivered core subject lessons are
all pupils. Improved phonics outcomes for	1	delivered to a good standard. Disadvantaged pupils make their
disadvantaged pupils.	1	expected individual progress in
		phonics by the end of KS1
Improved reading attainment among	2	Disadvantaged pupils make their
disadvantaged pupils at the end of KS2.		expected individual progress in
		reading by the end of KS2
Improved writing attainment among	3	Disadvantaged pupils make their
disadvantaged pupils at the end of KS2.		expected individual progress in
		writing by the end of KS2
Improved maths attainment for	3	Disadvantaged pupils make their
disadvantaged pupils at the end of KS2.		expected individual progress in maths by the end of KS2
To achieve and sustain improved	4	
wellbeing for all pupils in our school,		Sustained high levels of wellbeing demonstrated by:
particularly our disadvantaged pupils		
		<ul> <li>qualitative data from student voice, student and parent surveys</li> </ul>
		and teacher observations
		a significant increase in participa-
		tion in enrichment activities, partic-
To achieve and sustain improved	8	ularly among disadvantaged pupils.
To achieve and sustain improved attendance for all pupils, particularly our	0	Sustained high attendance from 2024/25 demonstrated by:
disadvantaged pupils.		<ul> <li>The overall absence rate for all pu-</li> </ul>
		pils being no more than 4%, and
		the attendance gap between disad-
		vantaged pupils and their non-dis-
		advantaged peers being reduced by 1.2%
		<ul> <li>The percentage of all pupils who</li> </ul>
		are persistently absent being below
		5% and the figure among disadvan-
		taged pupils being no more than
		5% lower than their peers.

## Activity in this Academic Year

This details how you intend to spend your school's pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.



## Tier 1: Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

#### Budgeted cost: £4,000

Activity	Evidence that Supports this Approach	Challenge Number(s) Addressed
Purchase of standardised tests and MARK analyses for reading, grammar and maths.	Standardised tests can provide reliable insights into the specific strengths and weaknesses of each pupil to help ensure they receive the correct additional support through interventions or teacher instruction: <u>Standardised tests   Assessing and</u> <u>Monitoring Pupil Progress   Education Endowment Foundation   EEF</u>	1,2,3
<ul> <li>Improving quality first teaching</li> <li>(QFT) by focusing on</li> <li>Rosenshine's Principles in Action.</li> <li>We will continue to:</li> <li>Access Trust CPD</li> <li>Commission the external teaching and learning consultant to work with staff throughout the year</li> <li>Maintain a strong focus on QFT in our internal CPD programme.</li> </ul>	Single biggest school-based factor in improving outcomes for children is the quality of teaching. The impact of high- quality teaching on pupil outcomes is 3x that of any other school based factor ( <i>EEF</i> )	1, 2, 3, 4, 5
<ul> <li>Purchase of a <u>DfE validated</u></li> <li><u>Systematic Synthetic Phonics</u></li> <li><u>programme</u> to secure stronger</li> <li>phonics teaching for all pupils.</li> <li>We will continue to: <ul> <li>Commission the external</li> <li>teaching and learning</li> <li>consultant to work with staff</li> <li>and/or work with the English</li> <li>Hub throughout the year</li> </ul> </li> <li>Provide regular non-contact</li> <li>time for our Phonics Lead to</li> <li>work with class teachers, TAs</li> <li>and external consultants.</li> </ul>	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base that indicates a positive impact on the accuracy of word reading (though not necessarily comprehension), particularly for disadvantaged pupils: <u>Phonics   Toolkit Strand   Education</u> <u>Endowment Foundation   EEF</u>	1
To continue to improve our whole school approach to the teaching of reading using the teaching sequence, quality texts and progression documents. We will continue to:	Single biggest school-based factor in improving outcomes for children is the quality of teaching. The impact of high quality teaching on pupil outcomes is 3x that of any other school based factor (EEF)	2



<ul> <li>Access Trust CPD on reading and the teaching sequence</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Maximise support from the</li> </ul>		
Trusts' Literacy consultant		
<ul> <li>Provide regular non-contact</li> </ul>		
time for our English SL to work		
with class teachers, TAs and		
external consultants.		
To continue to improve our	Single biggest school-based factor in	3
whole school approach to the	improving outcomes for children is the	-
teaching of writing using the	quality of teaching. The impact of high	
teaching sequence, quality texts		
and progression documents.	quality teaching on pupil outcomes is 3x that	
We will continue to:	of any other school based factor (EEF)	
Access Trust CPD on reading		
and the teaching sequence		
<ul> <li>Maximise support from the</li> </ul>		
Trusts' Literacy consultant		
<ul> <li>Provide regular non-contact</li> </ul>		
time for our English SL to work		
with class teachers, TAs and		
external consultants.		2
To continue to improve our	Single biggest school-based factor in	3
whole school approach to the	improving outcomes for children is the	
teaching of White Rose Maths focusing on fluency, reasoning	quality of teaching. The impact of high	
and problem solving	quality teaching on pupil outcomes is 3x that	
We will continue to:	of any other school based factor (EEF)	
Access Trust CPD on maths		
Maximise support from the		
Trusts' Maths consultant		
Provide regular non-contact		
time for our Maths SL to work		
with class teachers, TAs and		
external consultants.		

## Tier 2: Targeted Academic Support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £5,998

Activity	Evidence that Supports this Approach	Challenge Number(s) Addressed
Purchase annual subscriptions for SHINE reading and maths interventions.	Small group teaching for reading can some- times be more effective than either 1:1 or paired tuition.	2, 3



	(Teaching & Learning Toolkit: EEF).	
Additional phonics sessions	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence	1
targeted at disadvantaged pupils	base indicating a positive impact on pupils,	
who require further phonics	particularly from disadvantaged	
support.	backgrounds. Targeted phonics	
	interventions have been shown to be more	
	effective when delivered as regular	
	sessions over a period up to 12 weeks:	
	Phonics   Toolkit Strand   Education	
	Endowment Foundation   EEF	
Additional reading sessions	Tuition targeted at specific needs and	2
targeted at disadvantaged pupils	knowledge gaps can be an effective	
who require further reading	method to support low attaining pupils or	
support.	those falling behind, both one-to-one:	
	One to one tuition   EEF (educationendow-	
	mentfoundation.org.uk)	
	And in small groups:	
	Small group tuition   Toolkit Strand	
	Education Endowment Foundation   EEF	
Additional writing sessions	Tuition targeted at specific needs and	3
targeted at disadvantaged pupils	knowledge gaps can be an effective	
who require further writing	method to support low attaining pupils or	
support.	those falling behind, both one-to-one:	
	One to one tuition   EEF (educationendow-	
	mentfoundation.org.uk)	
	And in small groups:	
	Small group tuition   Toolkit Strand	
	Education Endowment Foundation   EEF	
Additional maths sessions	Tuition targeted at specific needs and	3
targeted at disadvantaged pupils	knowledge gaps can be an effective	
who require further maths	method to support low attaining pupils or	
support.	those falling behind, both one-to-one:	
	One to one tuition   EEF (educationendow-	
	mentfoundation.org.uk)	
	And in small groups:	
	Small group tuition   Toolkit Strand	
	Education Endowment Foundation   EEF	

# Tier 3: Wider Strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £4,782

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge Number(s) addressed
Provision of access to wider curricular activity and enrichment	Until children's self-esteem and confidence is developed, they are unlikely to make im-	4
opportunities for disadvantaged	proved academic progress. EEF evaluated	



children to improve social interactions and wellbeing.	'Social & Emotional Learning' as moderate impact (+4 months). Cultural capital underpins children's understanding of and access to the curriculum.	
Embedding principles of good practice set out in the DfE's <u>Improving School Attendance</u> advice. This will involve training and release time for staff to develop and implement new procedures to improve attendance.	The DfE guidance has been informed by engagement with schools that have significantly reduced levels of absence and persistent absence.	5

## Total budgeted cost: £14,780



## Part B: Review of Outcomes in the Previous Academic Year

## **Pupil Premium Strategy Outcomes**

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2022 to 2023 academic year.

Our internal assessments during 2022/23 suggested that the performance of disadvantaged pupils was continuing to be negatively impacted by the pandemic. The outcomes we aimed to achieve in our previous strategy by the end of 2022/23 were therefore not fully realised.

Our assessment of the reasons for these outcomes points primarily to Covid-19 impact, which disrupted all our subject areas to varying degrees. As evidenced in schools across the country, school closure was most detrimental to our disadvantaged pupils, and they were not able to benefit from our pupil premium funded improvements to teaching and targeted interventions to the degree we had intended. The impact was mitigated by our resolution to maintain a high-quality curriculum and re-introduction of wider curriculum opportunities.

The impact of previously missed education was mitigated during 22/23 by our resolution to close the gaps, including the provision of funded CPD and 1:1 or small group intervention. This included daily targeted phonics sessions, targeted reading and 1:1 SHINE maths support. All interventions impacted positively on attainment and narrowed the attainment gap.

Internal monitoring reflects that we resumed robust staff CPD and training to enable the progression of high quality first teaching in all delivered lessons.

Attendance during 2022/23 was 94%, largely due to the effect of COVID-19 related absence and families taking delayed holidays. The attendance of those children in receipt of the PP funding was lower (93%). Together with external agencies and interventions, attendance is now improving for this group. Attendance remains a focus of our current plan.

Our assessments and observations indicated that pupil behaviour, wellbeing and mental health were impacted last year, primarily due to COVID-19-related issues. The impact was particularly acute for disadvantaged pupils. We used pupil premium funding to provide wellbeing support for all pupils, and targeted interventions where required. We are building on that approach with the activities detailed in this plan.



## **Externally Provided Programmes**

*Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England.* 

Programme	Provider
Shine	Rising Stars

## Service Pupil Premium Funding (Optional)

For schools that receive this funding, you may wish to provide the following information:

Measure	Details
How did you spend your service pupil premium allocation last academic year?	
What was the impact of that spending on service pupil premium eligible pupils?	

## **Further Information (Optional)**

Use this space to provide any further information about your pupil premium strategy. For example, about your strategy planning, or other activity that you are implementing to support disadvantaged pupils, that is not dependent on pupil premium or recovery premium funding.